

FEED FORWARD: FROM BALANCED ASSESSMENT TO STUDENT LEARNING

Salem-Keizer School District
COSA Summer Assessment Institute
August 2014





Strategic Plan 2014-15

Improve Student Achievement

- 1 Continue the systemic use of data to inform the development and implementation of differentiated instruction, planned interventions, and supports for all students.
- Prepare all students for college and careers by:
 - Continuing the implementation of Common Core State Standards and alignment of instructional strategies into a coherent K-12 instructional framework;
 - Continuing the implementation of Smarter Balanced assessments;
 - Continuing the K-12 Literacy Model across all content areas, including the program model for English Language Acquisition.
- Continue to provide professional development that offers quality and focused opportunities, has longterm sustainability, and provides implementation strategies for all staff including instructional coaching and mentoring.

An Effective Organization to Support Student Achievement

- 4 Continue the resident teacher-training program and learning labs in collaboration with our university partners at selected schools.
- Continue the evaluation processes to recognize and enhance employee growth, effectiveness, and performance.
- Continue the implementation of the instructional framework for early childhood education, and collaborate with community partners and the Early Learning Hub to address issues of kindergarten readiness.
- Continue to implement a redesigned facilities improvement process that identifies, prioritizes, and delivers projects that enhance student achievement and staff success.



Leadership Development

8 Maintain the leadership teams within each school and department for shared decision-making, and accountability, with a focus on student achievement.

Public Engagement

9 Continue to implement the plan and tools to help schools communicate more effectively with parents and key community partners regarding instruction and student achievement.



HOW CAN WE USE STATE DATA TO GUIDE PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLANNING IN LIGHT OF CCSS?



STATE DATA

- Category I assessments
- Accountability data review
 - Report card
 - Assessment reports by grade, subgroup
- ► OAKS topic reports



One way that we measure how well students are doing is through the use of state tests, which include achievement standards that define levels of student performance in a content area at a particular grade. The Academic Achievement indicator reflects the percent of students that meet or exceed standards on the state reading and math tests at all grade levels offered by the school. Subgroup data are displayed for informational purposes but are not included in the Rating system.

Achievement Level Cutoffs					
Level	Reading	Math			
Level 5	87.2 & above	82.3 & above			
Level 4	69.0 to 87.1	66.0 to 82.2			
Level 3	58.8 to 68.9	49.2 to 65.9			
Level 2	49.6 to 58.7	39.3 to 49.1			
Level 1	Less than 49.6	Less than 39.3			

2012-13

Reading		2011-12		201	Combined	
	Level	Tests	% Met	Tests	% Met	% Met
All Students	Level 3	249	70.7	228	59.2	65.2
Economically Disadvantaged ¹	Level 3	249	70.7	228	59.2	65.2
Limited English Proficient ¹	Level 2	152	63.8	142	52.1	58.2
Students with Disabilities ¹	Level 3	46	76.1	44	52.3	64.4
Underserved Races/Ethnicities ¹	Level 3	200	70.0	181	57.5	64.0
American Indian/Alaska Native ²	Not Rated	1	100.0	1	100.0	100.0
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander ²	Not Rated	6	66.7	7	100.0	84.6
Black/African American ²	Not Rated	3	100.0	2	100.0	100.0
Hispanic/Latino ²	Level 3	190	69.5	171	55.0	62.6
Asian ¹	Not Rated	2	50.0	4	75.0	66.7
White ¹	Level 4	45	73.3	40	70.0	71.8
Multi-Racial ¹	Not Rated	2	100.0	3	1	40.0

Math	Level 2011-12		201.	Combined		
Watri	Level	Tests	% Met	Tests	% Met	% Met
All Students	Level 4	249	79.9	228	58.3	69.6
Economically Disadvantaged ¹	Level 4	249	79.9	228	58.3	69.6
Limited English Proficient ¹	Level 4	152	80.3	142	57.0	69.0
Students with Disabilities ¹	Level 2	46	63.0	44	34.1	48.9
Underserved Races/Ethnicities ¹	Level 4	200	79.0	181	58.6	69.3
American Indian/Alaska Native ²	Not Rated	1	100.0	1	100.0	100.0
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander ²	Not Rated	6	33.3	7	71.4	53.8
Black/African American ²	Not Rated	3	66.7	2	100.0	80.0
Hispanic/Latino ²	Level 4	190	80.5	171	57.3	69.5
Asian ¹	Not Rated	2	100.0	4	50.0	66.7
White ¹	Level 4	45	82.2	40	60.0	71.8
Multi-Racial ¹	Not Rated	2	100.0	3	33.3	60.0

2011 12

Test Results	- Report Options			
School Year	School District	School	Subgroup	Test Subject Report Type
2012-13	Salem-Keizer SD 24J		Total Population	Reading & Lit Summary

Subgroup	Grade Level	evel Performance	Sc	School		trict	Sta	ate
			N	%	N	%	N	%
Total Population	Grade 03	Participation	74	98.7%	3103	99.4%	42316	99.6%
Total Population	Grade 03	Meets or Exceeds	45	60.8%	1795	58.6%	27904	66.4%
Total Population	Grade 04	Participation	82	100%	3085	99.7%	42245	99.7%
Total Population	Grade 04	Meets or Exceeds	47	58%	2032	66.5%	30722	73.2%
Total Population	Grade 05	Participation	80	100%	2995	99.9%	41985	99.6%
Total Population	Grade 05	Meets or Exceeds	33	41.8%	1801	60.8%	28222	67.6%
Total Population	Total	Participation	236	99.6%	9183	99.6%	126546	99.6%
Total Population	Total	Meets or Exceeds	125	53.4%	5628	62%	86848	69%

Test Results - Report Options			
School Year School District	School	Subgroup	Test Subject Report Type

2012-13 Salem-Keizer SD 24J				Limited English Proficient Reading & Lit Summary					
S	ubgroup	Grade Level	Performance	Sch	nool	Dist	trict	St	ate
				N	%	N	%	N	%
Limited E	inglish Proficient	Grade 03	Participation	50	98%	1016	99.3%	6909	99.6%
Limited E	English Proficient	Grade 03	Meets or Exceeds	28	56%	338	34.6%	2122	31.9%
Limited E	inglish Proficient	Grade 04	Participation	49	100%	917	99.6%	6341	99.6%
Limited E	English Proficient	Grade 04	Meets or Exceeds	23	47.9%	364	41%	2285	37.5%
									: : : : : : : :
	inglish Proficient	Grade 05	Participation	28	100%	644	99.8%	4523	99.5%
Limited I	English Proficient	Grade 05	Meets or Exceeds	3	11.1%	135	22.1%	811	18.9%

99.2%

43.2%

2577

837

99.5%

33.8%

127

54

17773

5218

99.6%

30.6%

Participation

Meets or Exceeds

Total

Total

Limited English Proficient

OAKS Topic Report

Grade Level Indicator	Performance
Vocabulary (VO)	
Context and Structural Clues	-
Synonyms, Antonyms and Homographs	
Figurative Expressions	
Read to perform a task (RE)	
Locate Information	
Specialized Materials	+::::::::
Demonstrate general understanding (DU)	
Comprehend Informational Text	
Comprehend Literary Text	
Main Events in Plot Development	+
Develop an interpretation (DI)	
Make Predictions - Informational Text	
Draw Inferences - Informational Text	
Unstated Ideas and Concepts	+
Make Predictions - Literary Text	
Analyze Character Traits	+
Identify Theme	
Draw Inferences - Literary Text	
Examine Content and Structure of Informa	tional Text (EI)
Author's Purpose	+
Facts vs. Opinion	
Characteristics of Persuasive Text	
Examine Content and Structure of Literary	Text (EL)
Function & Effects of Literary Devices	
Figurative Language	+
Types of Fiction	

HESS RIGOR MATRIX: BLOOM'S & WEBB

Level I: Recall and Reproduction

 Requires eliciting information such as a fact, definition, term, or a simple procedure, as well as performing a simple algorithm or applying a formula.

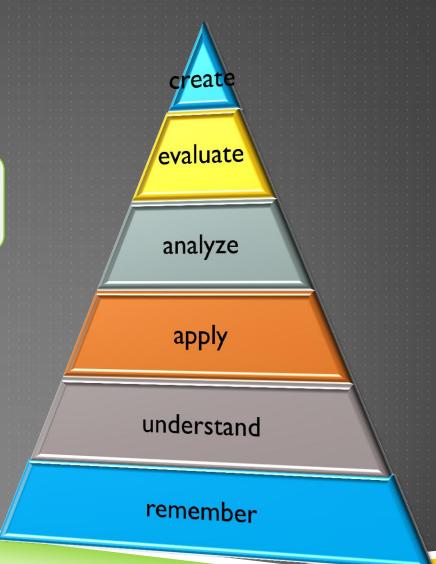
Level 2: Basic Skills and Concepts

 Requires the engagement of some mental processing beyond a recall of information.

Level 3: Strategic Thinking and Reasoning Requires reasoning, planning, using evidence, and explanations of thinking.

Level 4: Extended Thinking

 Requires complex reasoning, planning, developing, and thinking, most likely over an extended period of time.





HESS COGNITIVE RIGOR MATRIX (MATH-SCIENCE CRM):



Applying Webb's Depth-of-Knowledge Levels to Bloom's Cognitive Process Dimensions

Revised Bloom's Taxonomy	Webb's DOK Level 1 Recall & Reproduction	Webb's DOK Level 2 Skills & Concepts	Webb's DOK Level 3 Strategic Thinking/Reasoning	Webb's DOK Level 4 Extended Thinking
Remember Retrieve knowledge from long-term memory, recognize, recall, locate, identify	o Recall, observe, & recognize facts, principles, properties o Recall/ identify conversions among representations or numbers (e.g., customary and metric measures)		RM curricular examples with r cience assignments or assessme	
Understand Construct meaning, clarify, paraphrase, represent, translate, illustrate, give examples, classify, categorize, summarize, generalize, infer a logical conclusion), predict, compare/contrast, match like ideas, explain, construct models	Evaluate an expression Locate points on a grid or number on number line Solve a one-step problem Represent math relationships in words, pictures, or symbols Read, write, compare decimals in scientific notation	Specify and explain relationships (e.g., non-examples/examples; cause-effect) Make and record observations Explain steps followed Summarize results or concepts Make basic inferences or logical predictions from data/observations Use models /diagrams to represent or explain mathematical concepts Make and explain estimates	Use concepts to solve non-routine problems Explain, generalize, or connect ideas using supporting evidence Make and justify conjectures Explain thinking/reasoning when more than one solution or approach is possible Explain phenomena in terms of concepts	Relate mathematical or scientific concepts to other content areas, other domains, or other concepts Develop generalizations of the results obtained and the strategies used (from investigation or readings) and apply them to new problem situations
Apply Carry out or use a procedure in a given situation; carry out (apply to a familiar task), or use (apply) to an unfamiliar task	o Follow simple procedures (recipe-type directions) o Calculate, measure, apply a rule (e.g., rounding) o Apply algorithm or formula (e.g., area, perimeter) o Solve linear equations o Make conversions among representations or numbers, or within and between customary and metric measures	Select a procedure according to criteria and perform it Solve routine problem applying multiple concepts or decision points Retrieve information from a table, graph, or figure and use it solve a problem requiring multiple steps Translate between tables, graphs, words, and symbolic notations (e.g., graph data from a table) Construct models given criteria	Design investigation for a specific purpose or research question Conduct a designed investigation Use concepts to solve non-routine problems Use 8 show reasoning, planning, and evidence Translate between problem 8 symbolic notation when not a direct translation	o Select or devise approach among many alternatives to solve a problem o Conduct a project that specifies a problem, identifies solution paths, solves the problem, and reports results
Analyze Break into constituent parts, determine how parts relate, differentiate between relevant-irrelevant, distinguish, focus, select, organize, outline, find coherence, deconstruct	o Retrieve information from a table or graph to answer a question o Identify whether specific information is contained in graphic representations (e.g., table, graph, T-chart, diagram) o Identify a pattern/trend	Categorize, classify materials, data, figures based on characteristics Organize or order data Compare/contrast figures or data Select appropriate graph and organize & display data Interpret data from a simple graph Extend a pattern	Compare information within or across data sets or texts Analyze and draw conclusions from data, citing evidence Generalize a pattern Interpret data from complex graph Analyze similarities/differences between procedures or solutions	o Analyze multiple sources of evidence o Analyze complex/abstract themes o Gather, analyze, and evaluate information
Evaluate Make judgments based on criteria, check, detect inconsistencies or fallacies, judge, critique	"UG" – unsubstantiated generalizations – stating an opinion without providing any support for it!		Cite evidence and develop a logical argument for concepts or solutions Describe, compare, and contrast solution methods Verify reasonableness of results	o Gather, analyze, & evaluate information to draw conclusions o Apply understanding in a novel way, provide argument or justification for the application
Create Reorganize elements into new patterns/structures, generate, hypothesize, design, plan, produce	o Brainstorm ideas, concepts, or perspectives related to a topic	o Generate conjectures or hypotheses based on observations or prior knowledge and experience	o Synthesize information within one data set, source, or text o Formulate an original problem given a situation o Develop a scientific/mathematical model for a complex situation	Synthesize information across multiple sources or texts Design a mathematical model to inform and solve a practical or abstract situation

SMARTER BALANCED ITEM

BACK TO SAMPLE ITEMS HOME

VIEW MORE ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS / LITERACY SAMPLE ITEMS

ABOUT THIS ITEM



English Language Arts / Literacy | Mathematics

Feedback and Support Send an Email







BACK

NEXT

NEXT



Grandma Ruth

Last night I learned that my grandma was named after Babe Ruth, the greatest baseball player of all time. I learned this six hours too late.

Yesterday I wanted to work on throwing a baseball. I needed a baseball, since my brother wouldn't let me borrow his. Unfortunately, I knew right where one was.

I tiptoed into my grandma's bedroom. Sunlight from the late morning sun filtered in through the leaves of the dogwood tree outside the open window. I moved slowly through my favorite room in the house, which belonged to my favorite person in the world, my grandma.

I reached into the back of her closet and pulled out a shoebox full of old baseballs wrapped in tissue paper. I shoved my hand in and grabbed the first one I touched. I threw off the paper and ran out into the yard with our dog, Bowie, who would always play a game of catch with me.

We had a spectacular game of catch. By the end of our session I was throwing straight as an arrow and Bowie was bringing it back as fast as he could. It was perfect.

I went back into my grandma's room and wrapped the ball back up in paper, just like I'd found it. Except now it looked dirty and used, like a good baseball should.

43000



"My grandma pulled the ball out, unwrapped it, and held it out for us to see. The ball was <u>scarred</u> almost beyond recognition. It had dog bite marks, dirt scuffs, and fraying seams. Right in the middle was a big signature in black ink that I had somehow overlooked. It was smudged now and faded, but it still clearly said 'Babe Ruth.' I began to shake inside."

Click on two phrases from the paragraph that help you understand the meaning of scarred.



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English Language Arts / Literacy | Mathematics

Grandma Ruth 2

ck and Support Send an Email

BACK



Grade: 4

43000

Read the

"My grand

almost be

was a big

it still clea

Click on to

Claim 1: Students can read closely and analytically to comprehend a range of increasingly complex literary and informational texts.

Target 3, WORD MEANINGS: Determine intended meanings of words, including words with multiple meanings (academic/tier 2 words), based on context, word relationships (e.g., synonyms), word structure (e.g., common Greek or Latin roots, affixes), or use of resources (e.g., dictionary, thesaurus).

CCSS: RL-4; L-4, L-5c

This item focuses on the ability to recognize the relationship between word meaning and context.

View Rubric (PDF)

View Text Complexity Analysis Placemat (PDF)

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Yesterday I wanted to work on throwing a baseball. I needed a baseball, since my brother wouldn't let me borrow his. Unfortunately, I knew right where one was:

I tiptoed into my grandma's bedroom. Sunlight from the late morning sun filtered in through the leaves of the dogwood tree

Item Number: 43000

Item Name: Grandma Ruth 2

Score Points	
2	The response includes:
	 dog bite marks, dirt scuffs OR
	 dog bite marks, fraying seams OR
	 dog bite marks, smudged now and faded OR
	 dirt scuffs, fraying seams OR
	 dirt scuffs, smudged now and faded OR
	 fraying seams, smudged now and faded
1	The response includes:
	 dog bite marks OR
	dirt scuffs OR
	 fraying seams OR
	smudged now and faded
0	The response gets no credit if it provides no evidence of the ability to
	identify the intended meaning of words based on context and includes
ı	no relevant information from the text.



PLAN NEXT STEPS

Pased on the information you have reviewed, how could this inform professional development for your school and/or district?

DATA ANALYSIS AT THE DISTRICT LEVEL

- Identify district-wide trends
- Inform professional development
- Identify need for support and resources



HOW MIGHT AN INTERIM ASSESSMENT GUIDE DECISIONS FROM THE DISTRICT OFFICE TO THE CLASSROOM?



INTERIM ASSESSMENT DESIGN

- Aligned to common core
- Reflects rigor of Smarter Balanced
- Aligns with standards maps (scope & sequence)
- Ability to do item analysis



INTERIM DATA: PROGRESS ON STANDARDS

- Category 2 assessments
- District administrators
 - Monitor progress by standard
 - Provide expectations about structures, resources
- School administrators
 - Provide time & structures for teacher data teams to analyze and act on information



INTERIM DATA: PROGRESS ON STANDARDS

▶ Teachers

- Work in data teams to plan best practices in first instruction, targeted instruction
- Plan instruction based on item analysis
- Use Hess rigor matrix to align instruction with rigor of future assessments
- **▶** Students
 - Engage in self-reflection, track their learning



ITEM ANALYSIS: 7TH GRADE MATH INTERIM ASSESSMENT

13) A rectangle has a length of 3x + 2 and a width of 2x as shown below.

Which expression shows the perimeter of the rectangle?

- a. 5x + 2
- b. 6x + 2
- c. 6x + 4
- d. 10x + 4

	Results	Α	В	С	D	Blank
Section 1 - Multiple Choice -> 13	36%	<u>965</u>	<u>283</u>	<u>376</u>	<u>957*</u>	<u>6</u>
Standard: 7EE Standard 1 Apply properties of operations as strategies to add, subtract, factor, and expand linear expressions with rational coefficients.	36% of students answered this question correctly.	This answer adds the length and the width, but does not multiply the result	This answer adds 3 x to 3 x + 2.	This answer multiplies the length by 2, but does not add twice the height to the result.	Correct answer.	

by 2.



ANALYSIS OF RESULTS

- Which standard was lowest? Go back to the standard and review.
- Group students based on performance
- Focus on a specific group, such as "almost there"
- List strengths, weaknesses observed in student work
- List agreed-upon instructional strategies
 - What will the teacher be doing?
 - What will the students be doing?
- ► How might you share this process with your teachers?



HOW MIGHT TEACHERS USE THE PROGRESSION OF CCSS STANDARDS TO USE CLASSROOM ASSESSMENTS TO INFORM INSTRUCTIONAL PLANNING?



CLASSROOM ASSESSMENTS: SUPPORTING THE "FIRST TEACH"

- Category 2 & 3 assessments
- Progression of CCSS standards enables teachers to pinpoint supporting standards in which students need support or enrichment
- Units of study: plan pre & post-tests first!
- Plan quick checks for understanding
- Anticipation of student response: complete the test in advance, identify potential problem areas. Use this information to plan lessons.



MCKAY DATA TEAM VIDEO

McKay HS biology team





RESOURCES

- For data teams resources, go to the Oregon DATA Project website http://www.oregondataproject.org/
- For Smarter Balanced sample items:
 http://www.smarterbalanced.org/sample-items-and-performance-tasks/
- Salem-Keizer Testing & Evaluation Department
 - * 503-399-5590; carlson_catherine@salkeiz.k12.or.us
- Craig King, biology teacher, instructional coach, McKay High School
 - * 503-399-3080 king craig@salkeiz.k12.on.us

