## Geometry Intervention Group Planner

| Concepts | Materials | Key Vocab | Instructional Sequence |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Defining <br> Quadrilaterals: <br> Parallelogram | Draw and describe <br> worksheet <br> Parallelogram cards <br> Geoboards/rubber <br> bands | Parallel <br> Parallelogram | 1. Display parallelogram cards. Ask students what all the shapes <br> have in common. Explain how the shapes all have sets of 2 <br> parallel sides. <br> 2. Look around the room for other examples of parallel lines. <br> 3. Explain what a parallelogram is. Fill in draw and describe <br> worksheet for parallelogram. <br> 4. If time, have students build parallelograms on geoboards. |
| 2 | Defining <br> Quadrilaterals: <br> Rectangle | Draw and describe <br> worksheet <br> Rectangle cards <br> Geoboards/rubber <br> bands | Right angle <br> Parallel <br> Parallelogram | 1. Pull out draw and describe worksheet to review yesterday's <br> shape. 2. Repeat yesterday's activity, but this time with rectangle <br> cards. <br> 3. Teach what makes a rectangle a rectangle (4 right angles). <br> 4. Draw on the board the difference between right, acute, and |
| obtuse angles. Make sure students understand that all squares |  |  |  |  |
| are rectangles because they have 4 right angles. |  |  |  |  |

$\left.\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline 4 & \begin{array}{l}\text { Defining } \\ \text { Quadrilaterals: } \\ \text { Rhombus }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Draw and describe } \\ \text { worksheet } \\ \text { Rhombus cards } \\ \text { Geoboards/Rubber } \\ \text { bands }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Parallel } \\ \text { Parallelogram } \\ \text { Congruent sides }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { 1. Pull out draw and describe worksheet to review previous } \\ \text { shapes. 2. Repeat yesterday's activity, but this time with rhombus } \\ \text { cards. Review angles while looking at the rhombus cards. } \\ \text { 3. Teach what makes a rhombus a rhombus (2 sets of parallel } \\ \text { sides and 4 congruent sides). Point out that all squares are a type } \\ \text { of rhombus because all sides are equal and have 2 sets of parallel } \\ \text { sides. } \\ \text { 5. Fill in draw and describe worksheet for the rhombus. } \\ \text { 6. If time, have students build rhombuses on geoboards. }\end{array} \\ \hline 5 & \begin{array}{l}\text { Defining } \\ \text { Quadrilaterals: } \\ \text { Trapezoid }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Draw and describe } \\ \text { worksheet } \\ \text { Trapezoid cards } \\ \text { Geoboards/rubber } \\ \text { bands }\end{array} & \text { Parallel } & \begin{array}{l}\text { 1. Pull out draw and describe worksheet to review previous } \\ \text { shapes. 2. Repeat yesterday's activity, but this time with } \\ \text { trapezoid cards. }\end{array} \\ \text { 3. Teach what makes a trapezoid a trapezoid- one set of parallel } \\ \text { lines. }\end{array}\right] \begin{array}{l}\text { 4. Fill in draw and describe worksheet for the rhombus. } \\ \text { 5. If time, have students build rhombuses on geoboards. }\end{array}\right\}$

|  | Quadrilaterals | Instructional Sheet |  | quadrilaterals on their geoboards. |
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| 10 | Categorizing <br> Quadrilaterals | Worksheet C4, 1 <br> Geometry <br> Flashcards | *All terms | 1. Complete C4, 1 <br> 2. If extra time, use geometry flashcards |
| 11 | Creating <br> Quadrilaterals | Tangram Sets <br> Tangram Polygon <br> Key (for instructor) | *All terms | 1. Have students use their tangram sets to create various <br> quadrilaterals |
| 12 | Comprehensive <br> Review | Bingo game and <br> markers |  | Students will play quadrilateral bingo |

